

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT, JAMES G. BLAINE, OF MAINE.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT, JOHN A. LOGAN, OF ILLINOIS.
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.
At Large: J. A. LEWIS.
First District: J. W. OSTRANDER.
Second District: D. C. VAN BUREN.
Third District: J. W. HARRIS.
Fourth District: J. W. HARRIS.
Fifth District: L. W. ANSEL.
Sixth District: B. T. BROWN.
Seventh District: W. M. FORD.
Eighth District: C. A. ANDERSON.
Ninth District: E. L. BROWN.

The Republican party is doing a splendid business at the old stand in Ohio.

The victory in Ohio and the demonstration in Janesville show which way the political wind will blow next November.

Governor Hoadly predicted Ohio would go 12,000 democratic. The day after the election he was taken to bed by illness.

After this campaign is over democratic papers and democratic orators should for once try to tell the truth. Habitual lying never leads to success.

Mr. Blaine will send a very kind invitation to Mr. Cleveland to go to Washington next March and witness the inaugural ceremonies. Mr. Blaine knows how to be a gentleman.

"My dear and shall wither before I vote another democratic ticket," said Schurz a few days ago. He supports democracy now, and while his hand has not withered his influence has.

"The masses of the democratic party will soon get tired of seeing democracy on their only paper as given by the managers of the party. It is no wonder they are bolting by the thousands."

One man estimates that no oyster produce 125,000,000 young oysters every year. The man who made these figures should be employed by the national democratic committee. He can beat Asia in all his pieces.

Newman the democratic candidate for governor of Ohio, predicted success because the democrats had more saloons and more Germans with them than last. He was right about the saloons probably, but not about the Germans.

Republicans may rejoice over Ohio, but in their joy they should not forget West Virginia, which did a good day's work for the republican party. Cutting down the democratic majority one half is a creditable thing for West Virginia.

Who will care for Curtis and Schurz when this cruel campaign is over? The democrats will detect them, the republicans will hold them in ridicule. Poor fellows, they will be men without a party.

Frank Hurd, the noted free trade congressman of Ohio, got his congressional district made out to suit himself with a big majority. But the voters of his district didn't like Hurd, free trade, and democracy, and they voted all three down.

Among other encouragements that Mr. Churchill Howe has received since he established republican headquarters in the state is a letter from 200 sugar and rice planters in Louisiana asking him to aid them in the tariff canvass they are making in that state.

Congressman Price, who represents the Eighth district, and who is one of the leading temperance men in the state, says that the prohibition vote this year in his district will not be more than one-third as large as it was two years ago. There seems to be a decrease of the prohibition vote everywhere.

Eight years ago, that great political missionary and effective stumpor, Emory A. S. was at hand to speak kindly of the times. A. Hendrick, and this is what he said: "Just imagine this battered old tramp, with tattered and bedraggled garments, painted cheeks and brass jewelry, addressing the intelligent voter and saying: 'Hold me, friend and tender virgin that I am, and respect the purity of my principles.'"

The democrats are amazed at the narrow result in Ohio. They pretend now that they did not expect to carry the state, but Mr. Hendricks said the day before the election that there is no more doubt about Ohio and Indiana going democratic than about Kentucky and Delaware. And Governor Hoadly staked his reputation on the statement that the democratic majority would be equal to that of last year.

The Contemporary Philist of England recently took a vote of its readers on the question as to who are the ten greatest English-speaking preachers, and the following is announced as the result of the vote: Canon Dixon, 295; S. H. Spurgeon, 292; Joseph Parker, 218; Alexander McLaren, 212; Archbishop Parker, 203; Henry Ward Beecher, 168; Bishop Moore, 150; Canon Knox Little, 145; Bishop Boyd Carpenter, 101; and J. W. Dale, 100.

We can elect our candidate without it."

Mr. Ottendorfer (September, 1884): "If we are to have real tariff reform, let us abolish the tax on imported beer." (October, 1884)—"If the public is wise enough to imagine that the tariff on beer is a vital question, then let it think so."

The biggest humbug that ever came to the surface as a political reformer, I Grover Cleveland. Every democrat who reads and remembers what he reads, will agree with the Gazette on this point: Cleveland was the most extravagant selfish Erie county ever had.

While in that office he was bent on making money out of it, and he did it. While he was mayor of Buffalo he did not inaugurate a single reform—no, not one.

Since he has been governor of New York his whole career has been the very opposite of reform. He carried the yoke that rings and monopolies placed upon him—he was their tool and in all things did their bidding. This is Cleveland in a nutshell.

La Crosse was the scene of a fearful tragedy on Thursday evening. When the Blaine and Logan club were preparing to form a procession, Mr. F. A. Barton, the captain of the club was shot dead by a ruffian known as "Scotly," but whose real name was Nathaniel Mitchell.

The murder had no political significance. When Barton fell dead, Mitchell was immediately arrested and taken to jail, but those who witnessed the cold murder became so furious that a mob started for the jail and by main force took Mitchell out of his cell and hanged him. Mr. Barton was a broker and commission merchant for L. H. Lowry & Co. of Milwaukee, and son-in-law of Capt. J. E. Moulton, agent for the St. Paul company at La Crosse. He was one of the best known and most prominent of the young business men in the northwest. He was chosen president of the Blaine and Logan club at La Crosse, and was managing the campaign in that section.

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Four other shots followed in rapid succession, and then the murderer threw the empty weapon at his victim, and drawing another fired three more shots, wounding another several times in the back and head. So quickly was the deed perpetrated and so soon did the police arrest Mitchell that he was behind the bars before the deed was done. The assassin was taken to the police station, and a search was made for the assassin's accomplices. The assassin was frequently fired during the evening, so that the noise of the shooting did not attract attention. As soon as the news spread through the city, the police broke up the crowd and a manhunt was made for the county jail. For a long time the officers withstood the mob, but at last were overpowered. The cell door was forced, and Mitchell brought out. He admitted his guilt, and at 10:30 o'clock was strung up by the hurried police. The cause of the deed, it is said, was that Mitchell had a grudge against Barton dating back to the time when the latter was deputy surveyor of this county, and had business relations with steamboat men. Mitchell had for some time been of unsound mind, and was once sent to the insane asylum, at the end of a trial for assault with intent to kill upon Chief of Police Smith. He had the reputation of being quiet enough usually, but whisky had a crazing effect upon him.

From 3 o'clock to 10 the court house presented a wild scene. The mob increased in numbers until the entire square or three sides of the jail was a dense mass of humanity, demanding that the murderer be hanged. The torches of the men flared above the sea of heads, and the white planes moved restlessly about the square. The excited crowd grew steadily in number, and the men at last found leaders with cool heads, who met methodically about taking the man from prison and lynching him. Because of the crowd, and the shouts of the mob, the police were unable to get into the jail. The crowd poured into the first-floor rooms, but the sheriff and his assistants succeeded in clearing the rooms the first and second floors, and the third floor the mob overpowered them and built their ground. The interior wooden door leading to the cooking department yielded like so many plates of glass. In the meantime the mob kept on pouring into the main hallway on the west side was battered down and the crowd was in full possession of the main corridor. While this was going on the crowd became almost colossal about the place, but, aside from the mob, the best of order prevailed. There were no drunken men in the mob, the whole work being done by resolute fellows, who decided to make the murderer pay the death penalty before they left the square.

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Murder of a Prominent Wisconsin Republican by a Ruffian Who Had a Private Grudge Against Him—The Murderer Lynched.

La Crosse, Wis., Oct. 17.—The proposed execution of the Republican victory in Ohio came to a terrible and premature end Thursday evening. Frank A. Barton, president of the Blaine and Logan club, as he stepped from the sidewalk at the corner of Fourth and Main streets, was assassinated by Nathaniel Mitchell, a half-caste river man. The assassin stepped up very close to his victim and fired seven shots, every one striking Barton. At the same time the latter fell with a ball through his brain.

Four other shots followed in rapid succession, and then the murderer threw the empty weapon at his victim, and drawing another fired three more shots, wounding another several times in the back and head. So quickly was the deed perpetrated and so soon did the police arrest Mitchell that he was behind the bars before the deed was done. The assassin was taken to the police station, and a search was made for the assassin's accomplices. The assassin was frequently fired during the evening, so that the noise of the shooting did not attract attention. As soon as the news spread through the city, the police broke up the crowd and a manhunt was made for the county jail. For a long time the officers withstood the mob, but at last were overpowered. The cell door was forced, and Mitchell brought out. He admitted his guilt, and at 10:30 o'clock was strung up by the hurried police. The cause of the deed, it is said, was that Mitchell had a grudge against Barton dating back to the time when the latter was deputy surveyor of this county, and had business relations with steamboat men. Mitchell had for some time been of unsound mind, and was once sent to the insane asylum, at the end of a trial for assault with intent to kill upon Chief of Police Smith. He had the reputation of being quiet enough usually, but whisky had a crazing effect upon him.

From 3 o'clock to 10 the court house presented a wild scene. The mob increased in numbers until the entire square or three sides of the jail was a dense mass of humanity, demanding that the murderer be hanged. The torches of the men flared above the sea of heads, and the white planes moved restlessly about the square. The excited crowd grew steadily in number, and the men at last found leaders with cool heads, who met methodically about taking the man from prison and lynching him. Because of the crowd, and the shouts of the mob, the police were unable to get into the jail. The crowd poured into the first-floor rooms, but the sheriff and his assistants succeeded in clearing the rooms the first and second floors, and the third floor the mob overpowered them and built their ground. The interior wooden door leading to the cooking department yielded like so many plates of glass. In the meantime the mob kept on pouring into the main hallway on the west side was battered down and the crowd was in full possession of the main corridor. While this was going on the crowd became almost colossal about the place, but, aside from the mob, the best of order prevailed. There were no drunken men in the mob, the whole work being done by resolute fellows, who decided to make the murderer pay the death penalty before they left the square.

Once in the corridor, sledge-hammers were used to break in the heavy iron doors, two in number, that intervened between them and the cell-room. These were yanked, and each advance was made the crowd was appreciative and the crowd grew steadily in number. The prisoners were taken out of the cell, and the crowd and the mob succeeded in finding their man. He was dragged from the cell and taken to the main corridor, where he was taken to the gallows. The crowd was so dense that the man who did the shooting, and the officers, when appealed to, declared they had the right man. When he emerged from the jail door, held up by the men who had taken him in charge, a long line of men, armed with clubs and sticks, making everyone for blocks away realize without any further assurance that the awful retribution was completed, but numerous men were seen climbing to the top of the crowd, and in a minute one was selected. A rope was thrown to a man sitting on a strong limb and everything was made ready for the execution. At this point in the proceedings there was a pause. Among the leaders were some who wanted the murderer to make a statement, while others, more impetuous, urged immediate action. The murderer decided to say anything, except that he was the man who shot Barton. At this juncture he went out and said, "Hang him!" "Don't let him live a minute longer!" It was understood that the Light Guard company of the Third regiment Wisconsin National Guard had been ordered out to charge the mob, but there was an impression that the execution would be prevented. No rally of the guard was made whatever, and the mob seized the rope and made a strong pull, and the ruffian freed his hands and arms from the gallows, and in another moment he was being in the air with his face closely pressed against the limb of the tree, and the terrible tragedy was over. The body of the murderer was left hanging only a few minutes, when it was taken down and left in charge of the sheriff, who will see that the remains are interred.

The body of Mr. Barton was removed to his home during the evening. One bullet struck through his head, two through the lungs, and two into the abdomen, any one of which would have been fatal. Mr. Barton was a broker and commission merchant for L. H. Lowry & Co. of Milwaukee, and agent


for the number of republicans who will vote against him."

The conclusion of the whole matter is this: "The republicans have reason to believe that of a probable increase of 40,000 in the total vote, they will gain, on account of the antismoking of the working people to free trade at least 25,000. This would bring their total vote to 105,000, and to this they will add as many democratic votes for Blaine as there will be republican votes cast against him. On the other hand, there are left 138,000 votes to be divided between the other candidates, and of those Governor Cleveland will be fortunate if he gets enough to give him a plurality."

If the estimate of the Tribune are reasonably fair, and usually that paper is remarkably reliable in its predictions, the democrats of New York city and Brooklyn will not receive a greater plurality than 40,000, and that the state, outside the two cities, will give a republican plurality of 70,000, making Blaine's plurality about 30,000. These are the farthest estimates that can be made on New York.

The New German Ambassador. WASHINGTON CITY, Oct. 17.—Baron von Alvensleben, the new minister from Germany, was formally presented to the president Thursday by Secretary Frothingham.

A COAL COMPANY FAILS. The Carbonado Coal & Coke Company Goes Under. St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 17.—For some days past rumors affecting the credit of the Carbonado Coal & Coke company have been floating about town, and consequently there was little surprise felt when it was announced that the company had failed.



FOR EXCURSIONS,

Picnics and

Tourists.

—:—

*The Most Complete Line of Lunch Goods
in the city can be found in
the store of*

J. A. DENNISTON,

18 West Milwaukee St. We have

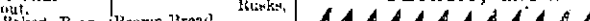
Whole Boned Cooked Ham,
Pressed Chicken, Turkey and Tongue,
Ported Ham, Tongue,
Chicken and Turkey,
Cooked Corn Beef,
L a n o h Tongue and
Chipped Dried Beef,
Whole Boned Quail
with Truffle,
Clam Chowder,
Lobsters, Salmon,
Crabs, Shrimps,
Blue Fish,
Brook Trout,
Choice Corned Beans,
Pigs Feet,
Soups of all kinds,
Pickles.

Preserved Mustard, Ear-
lish, Bresa and
German,
Sausages,
Jellies,
Jams and
Preserves
Bottled Ginger Ale,
New Orleans Shead,
Waukegan Chase Water
Seltzer,
Lime Berry Syrup,
Limo Juice and other
summer Drinks,
Parker House Rolls
Ruecks,
Brown Bread,
Choice Crackers,
Etc., Etc

HOPS & MALT

BITTERS CO.,

DETROIT, MICH.



Get Come and see us at

J. A. DENNISTON.

THE GAZETTE.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Chicago & North-western.

Trains at Cassville Station.

GOING SOUTH.		GOING NORTH.	
Leave for the North and Milwaukee via Jefferson Junction and Chicago	12:00 P.M.	Leave for Chicago and the East— via Chicago and the West	7:30 A.M.
Leave for the North and Milwaukee via Chicago and the West	8:45 P.M.	Leave for Chicago and the East— via Chicago and the West	12:30 P.M.
Leave for Chicago and the East— via Chicago and the West	8:45 P.M.	Leave for Chicago and the East— via Chicago and the West	12:30 P.M.
Leave for Chicago and the East— via Chicago and the West	8:45 P.M.	Leave for Chicago and the East— via Chicago and the West	12:30 P.M.
Leave for Chicago and the East— via Chicago and the West	8:45 P.M.	Leave for Chicago and the East— via Chicago and the West	12:30 P.M.

APPOINTMENT.

—ARRIVE—

From Detroit	8:40 P.M.
From Chicago, Madison, Winona, Minn., Jefferson Junction and Chicago	1:40 P.M.
From Chicago, Rockford and Beloit	1:15 P.M.
From St. Paul, Madison and Milwaukee	1:15 P.M.
From St. Paul, Madison and Milwaukee	1:15 P.M.
From St. Paul, Madison and Milwaukee	1:15 P.M.
From Chicago, Beloit, Madison, De- troit	1:40 A.M.
From Beloit	1:40 A.M.

—DEPART—

To Detroit	7:00 A.M.
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For Detroit.....	3 30	43
For Detroit.....	8 40	25
For Detroit.....	12 20	37
For Detroit.....	11 50	39
For Chicago, Rockford, Madison, St. Paul, Minneapolis.....	1 19	40
For Madison, St. Paul, Minneapolis.....	1 19	42
For Detroit, Rockford and Chicago.....	1 10	43
For Detroit.....	2 50	44
For Detroit.....	2 50	45
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For Detroit.....	2 50	99
For Detroit.....	2 50	100

A REPORTER'S WORK

Wanted—Good Memory, Clear Head,
Pluck and Integrity.

**"A Natural Nose for News"—Sift
and Analyze and Throw
Out—Enter Not Into
Temptation.**

[M. Quader's "Talk with the Boys".]
There are reporters born for the profession; there are others who learn it as a trade. It is the first who make a success.

To be a good reporter one must be fairly educated. He should be well posted on general subjects. He should have a good memory, a clear head, lots of pluck and the determination to withstand temptation. His style of writing should be easy and smooth. He must relate his incidents and happenings in plain, every-day language. There is much to be learned in this. He must have the boy's sense of a natural nose for news. One reporter will miss a broken-down wagon and simply realize that an accident had occurred. Another will investigate and perhaps find a runaway and a broken-down wagon. One reporter will pass within a block of where some terrible accident has occurred and find no hint of it. Another will be drawn to the spot as if by magnetism. One will see three or four gamblers running across the street and simply ignore them. Another will see brother-will, scoundrel

[illegible]

1. He was not on the shed, but on the fence.
2. He did not break his leg, but cut his nose.
3. He did not break four ribs, but his wife suspected that he cracked one.
4. The successful reporter will have temptations without number. Each day and each hour will bring them. His professional duty will carry him where he must expound. He will be asked to drink and smoke and gamble with his friends. Men who feel no other obligations to him will write the debt of holding out a temptation. He will mingle the misery and wickedness of a city with the charity and morality. If he is not on his guard one evil habit after another will creep upon him. He will be surrounded by temptations to be numerous rocks floating and drifting and driving about on the sea of the lost.

But you want to be a reporter. I would not discourage you, but I warn you that there is much of the life of a reporter to be endured. The reporter, ranging from the 25-cent paper, is well-cared. The reporter who is a soldier in front of the enemy. He cannot call no time his own; his hours for sleep belong to the foe-bell and accident; he must be alert, vigilant, ready to start at any untiring hour. The soldier of constancy must not be thrown off; there is a monotony in crimes, fires and accidents which rob them of the romance you have thrown around them. But there is room for you.

BUCKNER'S CANAL SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts and bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever blazes, scorches, all kinds of skin eruptions, itching humors, chapped hands, chilblains, frost-bites, and all other eruptions of the skin. It cures a pimple, or to pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. Sherer & Co.

DR. J. C. STEARNS.—Many of your readers may be benefited by the knowledge of such an excellent remedy as Dr. J. C. Stearns' **Glucose Tonic**, which produces the most favorable results in all cases of weakness, stomach and kidney ailments, and is a valuable remedy in dyspepsia; also, a debilitating condition arising from malaria or other causes. It is a perfect tonic, appetizer, blood purifier, and a tonic for the entire system. Price, 50 cents. Sold by Stearns & Baker.

CONDENSED NEWS.

First class tickets from New York to Chicago are now sold at \$16 by the Baltimore and Ohio and West Shore roads.

Bull has started for Kentucky with Mand S. Bull, a large dog, having the record to fall in a year in Kentucky.

The Mexican government has furnished the governor of Jalisco 5,000 soldiers to suppress outlaws operating in that state.

Colored people of South Carolina, to the

Howard Kerns, night operator in the Northwestern depot at Winnebago, Ill., was assaulted with fatal effect by a disorderly drunken man whose discharge he had caused.

At Chicago, a Canadian, who had been a passenger train conductor, was crushed to death by a trolley car, which he was attempting to turn on a curve. Engineer Cook was crushed to death, and six other persons were injured.

An incendiary fire at Mount Clemens, Mich., destroyed Arbeiter hall, valued at \$90,000. A loss of great magnitude was sustained by the loss of the hall, which was the bank, office warehouse and several stores.

Miss Lizzie Walcott, of Newville, Pa., stepped in front of a moving train at Harrisburg. An attempt to rescue her was made by Harvey Foster. The lady was instantly killed. Her party suffered a loss of \$100,000.

A party of four men, who were visiting Toronto, distinguished from a stranger through a fight between Fulljames and Gilmore. One of the latter failed to appear, the former took the stakes.

John and Ed Melchid's troops occupied the heights along the Nile north of Khartoum, and have obstructed the river with broken telegraph wires. Provisions are growing extremely scarce throughout the Sudan.

In the Episcopal chapel at Niskotown, Wis., the Rev. Henry, celebrated the wedding of two grandchildren of the pioneer Bishop Knapp. Jackson Knapp and Miss Helen E. Knox formed one couple; Rev. James Giddell and Sarah P. Knapp the other.

CAPTURED THE CONTRACTOR.

Italian Laborers Hunt a Defaulting Employer Who 'Tries to Skip'

WILMINGTON, Mass., Oct. 17.—Cornelius F. Ducey, of Nopemont, contractor for the town reservoir now building, employs Irish Italians in one gang, who, it is said, have not received their pay promptly. Thursday afternoon Ducey threatened to run away with the gang, but the Italian captured the two so-called Ducey, bent and cut him considerably and now hold him as a prisoner. The selectmen sent to Boston for aid, and four officers and sixteen patrolmen are now enroute to quell the riot and release Ducey.

Y. M. C. A.

MIDLANDVILLE, Pa., Oct. 17.—The seven-teenth annual conference of the Young Men's Christian association of Pennsylvania and Maryland was held here Thursday afternoon.

Organization was effected by the election of G. M. McCauley, of Harrisburg, president; J. P. Robinson, of Pittsburgh; William Burdant, of Allentown; and E. F. Beatty, of Chambersburg, vice presidents; and C. S. Smith, of Lancaster, secretary. B. T. Butt, of Lafayette, Pa., was elected moderator.

In the evening the executive committee held its annual meeting.

The Mackay-Bonnett Cable.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—A large number of scientists and celebrated electricians went to Manhattan beach Thursday forenoon to witness the launching of the shore cable of the Mackay-Bonnett cable.

While the cable was being written, sometime it was found that the hawser connecting with the rats carrying the cable from the steamer *Parady* had parted, and it would

[illegible]

and lower; steam, 7.50¢
Toledo.
 Toledo, Ohio, Oct. 13.
 Wheat—Bulk and casier: No. 2 cash, 73c.
 No. 1, 74c. 1/2; No. 3, 72c. 1/2; Decm.,
 73c. 1/2; Jan., 74c. 1/2; Feb., 75c. 1/2; Mar.,
 76c. 1/2; No. 4, 72c. 1/2; No. 5, 71c. 1/2; No. 6, 70c. 1/2;
 No. 7, 69c. 1/2; No. 8, 68c. 1/2; No. 9, 67c. 1/2;
 No. 10, 66c. 1/2; No. 11, 65c. 1/2; No. 12, 64c. 1/2;
 No. 13, 63c. 1/2; No. 14, 62c. 1/2; No. 15, 61c. 1/2;
 No. 16, 60c. 1/2; No. 17, 59c. 1/2; No. 18, 58c. 1/2;
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 No. 22, 54c. 1/2; No. 23, 53c. 1/2; No. 24, 52c. 1/2;
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 No. 31, 45c. 1/2; No. 32, 44c. 1/2; No. 33, 43c. 1/2;
 No. 34, 42c. 1/2; No. 35, 41c. 1/2; No. 36, 40c. 1/2;
 No. 37, 39c. 1/2; No. 38, 38c. 1/2; No. 39, 37c. 1/2;
 No. 40, 36c. 1/2; No. 41, 35c. 1/2; No. 42, 34c. 1/2;
 No. 43, 33c. 1/2; No. 44, 32c. 1/2; No. 45, 31c. 1/2;
 No. 46, 30c. 1/2; No. 47, 29c. 1/2; No. 48, 28c. 1/2;
 No. 49, 27c. 1/2; No. 50, 26c. 1/2; No. 51, 25c. 1/2;
 No. 52, 24c. 1/2; No. 53, 23c. 1/2; No. 54, 22c. 1/2;
 No. 55, 21c. 1/2; No. 56, 20c. 1/2; No. 57, 19c. 1/2;
 No. 58, 18c. 1/2; No. 59, 17c. 1/2; No. 60, 16c. 1/2;
 No. 61, 15c. 1/2; No. 62, 14c. 1/2; No. 63, 13c. 1/2;
 No. 64, 12c. 1/2; No. 65, 11c. 1/2; No. 66, 10c. 1/2;
 No. 67, 9c. 1/2; No. 68, 8c. 1/2; No. 69, 7c. 1/2;
 No. 70, 6c. 1/2; No. 71, 5c. 1/2; No. 72, 4c. 1/2;
 No. 73, 3c. 1/2; No. 74, 2c. 1/2; No. 75, 1c. 1/2;
 No. 76, 1/2c. 1/2; No. 77, 1/4c. 1/2; No. 78, 1/8c. 1/2;
 No. 79, 1/16c. 1/2; No. 80, 1/32c. 1/2; No. 81, 1/64c. 1/2;
 No. 82, 1/128c. 1/2; No. 83, 1/256c. 1/2; No. 84, 1/512c. 1/2;
 No. 85, 1/1024c. 1/2; No. 86, 1/2048c. 1/2; No. 87, 1/4096c. 1/2;
 No. 88, 1/8192c. 1/2; No. 89, 1/16384c. 1/2; No. 90, 1/32768c. 1/2;
 No. 91, 1/65536c. 1/2; No. 92, 1/131072c. 1/2; No. 93, 1/262144c. 1/2;
 No. 94, 1/524288c. 1/2; No. 95, 1/1048576c. 1/2; No. 96, 1/2097152c. 1/2;
 No. 97, 1/4194304c. 1/2; No. 98, 1/8388608c. 1/2; No. 99, 1/16777216c. 1/2;
 No. 100, 1/33554432c. 1/2; No. 101, 1/67108864c. 1/2; No. 102, 1/134217728c. 1/2;
 No. 103, 1/268435456c. 1/2; No. 104, 1/536870912c. 1/2; No. 105, 1/1073741824c. 1/2;
 No. 106, 1/2147483648c. 1/2; No. 107, 1/4294967296c. 1/2; No. 108, 1/8589934592c. 1/2;
 No. 109, 1/17179869184c. 1/2; No. 110, 1/34359738368c. 1/2; No. 111, 1/68719476736c. 1/2;
 No. 112, 1/137438953472c. 1/2; No. 113, 1/274877906944c. 1/2; No. 114, 1/549755813888c. 1/2;
 No. 115, 1/1099511627776c. 1/2; No. 116, 1/2199023255552c. 1/2; No. 117, 1/4398046511104c. 1/2;
 No. 118, 1/8796093022208c. 1/2; No. 119, 1/17592186044416c. 1/2; No. 120, 1/35184372088832c. 1/2;
 No. 121, 1/70368744177664c. 1/2; No. 122, 1/140737488355328c. 1/2; No. 123, 1/281474976710656c. 1/2;
 No. 124, 1/562949953421312c. 1/2; No. 125, 1/1125899906842624c. 1/2; No. 126, 1/2251799813685248c. 1/2;
 No. 127, 1/4503599627370496c. 1/2; No. 128, 1/9007199254740992c. 1/2; No. 129, 1/18014398509481984c. 1/2;
 No. 130, 1/36028797018963968c. 1/2; No. 131, 1/72057594037927936c. 1/2; No. 132, 1/144115188075855872c. 1/2;
 No. 133, 1/288230376151711744c. 1/2; No. 134, 1/576460752303423488c. 1/2; No. 135, 1/1152921504606846976c. 1/2;
 No. 136, 1/2305843009213693952c. 1/2; No. 137, 1/4611686018427387904c. 1/2; No. 138, 1/9223372036854775808c. 1/2;
 No. 139, 1/18446744073709551616c. 1/2; No. 140, 1/36893488147419103232c. 1/2; No. 141, 1/73786976294838206464c. 1/2;
 No. 142, 1/147573952589676412928c. 1/2; No. 143, 1/295147905179352825856c. 1/2; No. 144, 1/590295810358705651712c. 1/2;
 No. 145, 1/1180591620717411303424c. 1/2; No. 146, 1/2361183241434822606848c. 1/2; No. 147, 1/4722366482869645213696c. 1/2;
 No. 148, 1/9444732965739290427392c. 1/2; No. 149, 1/18889465931478580854784c. 1/2; No. 150, 1/37778931862957161709568c. 1/2;
 No. 151, 1/75557863725914323419136c. 1/2; No. 152, 1/151115727451828646838272c. 1/2; No. 153, 1/302231454903657293676544c. 1/2;
 No. 154, 1/604462909807314587353088c. 1/2; No. 155, 1/1208925819614629174706176c. 1/2; No. 156, 1/2417851639229258349412352c. 1/2;
 No. 157, 1/4835703278458516698824704c. 1/2; No. 158, 1/9671406556917033397649408c. 1/2; No. 159, 1/19342813113834066795298816c. 1/2;
 No. 160, 1/38685626227668133590597632c. 1/2; No. 161, 1/7737125245533626718119526

New Thing™ in Watermelons.
(Philadelphia Times.)
"Any new varieties this year?"
"Well, we have the vanilla and the lemon ones. The vanilla one is made by injecting the vanilla flavor or inserting a bit of lemon into the stem while the melon is growing. The lemon is taken up by the pulp and makes a delicious combination. Only customers who like this style, and we therefore have few of the doctored species on sale. You can get a toothsome dish by plunging a melon, injecting a little into the stem, and eating it. The lemon is always to be taken up by the fruit. Beware: the combination is as seductive as Roman punch."
"Are there any of preparing the melon for tails?"
"Well, I've been eating melons for forty years, and I still prefer 'em plain. Some of my customers, however, like to get the melon sliced and served to them. I have a few watermelon salad every Sunday in the season. She prepared it, she says, just as she does."

The children of Israel were once feasted by manna, sent from Heaven. This was an undoubted case of "God-sent." The explanation of human life and ailments has been often undertaken, and as often failed. Ely's Cream Balm, however, "has been" swished in the balance and now found it wanting. "It is a sovereign, speedy cure for all ailments of the throat, Croup, Cold in the Head. Thousands of persons have attested this fact. 'Ely's Cream Balm is a God-sent,'" wrote Mrs. M. A. Jackson, of Portsmouth, N. H., on May 23, 1882. "I had Otorrhea for two years and was cured by your Balm. It was a wonderful cure. Two or three times a week it would bleed quite freely, and I thought the sores in it would never heal. Your Balm has cured me. The preparation is not a liquid or a snuff, and it easily may be used. I like to make it up to experiment with myronous snuffs and injections when a pleasant and certain cure is at hand."

ACIDE

from the intense pain caused by Rheumatism and Neuralgia, they are very dangerous diseases, frequently causing death. It is strange that until lately medical science has been unable to discover a remedy that is safe in its action and sure in its results. Remedies have therefore been discovered, but so dangerous are they, that unless carefully administered, they are more deadly than the disease. It is because

ANALGESICS

is absolutely harmless and certain to cure, that it has achieved its wonderful success.

Mr. M. W. Wilson, Chicago, Ill., writes:

"Have witnessed marvellous effects produced by *Antirheumatic*, particularly in one severe case of Rheumatism of the knee-joint, where the pain and heat were much relieved, pain after taking five bottles was gone, and the heat had disappeared. I will give it my own family with entire success."

Geo. A. Crandall, 2d and Walnut Sts.,
Des Moines, Ia., writes:

"A gentleman has subjected me with the wonderful power. I have used two bottles for the relief of my rheumatism. I have taken the box involved in one minute, I am now after three bottles, and feel like a new man. I am a daily user from pain to swelling."

If you cannot get *ANTIRHEUMATIC* from your druggist, you will send it express paid, on receipt of the enclosed dollar note, to

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 in the nasal pas-
 sage and in the
 throat and in the
 head. From this
 source it may first
 a poisonous virus
 along the mucous
 membrane, cor-
 through the di-
 agram, corrupt-
 the blood and
 or driving a toxic
 virus into the
 system, and
 dangerous sym-
 ptoms.

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